

Disease suppression by composts and plant-beneficial *Pseudomonas*

You learn/work with:

Observation: Certain composts are highly suppressive to soilborne diseases, while others are not. What makes composts disease suppressive and how?



Cucumber seedling infected by *Rhizoctonia solani*.



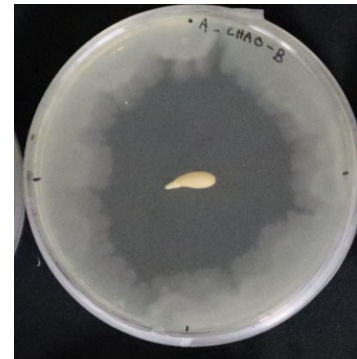
Compost



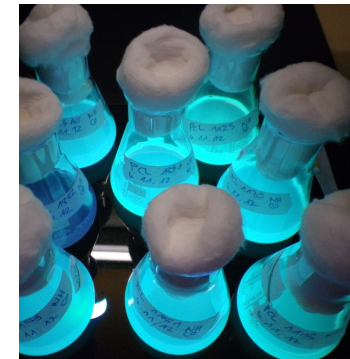
- You investigate which microbes in the compost are responsible for disease suppression and what are the underlying mechanisms.
- One group of bacteria you could look at are plant-beneficial *Pseudomonas*.



Suppression of *Globisporangium ultimum* varies between different composts.



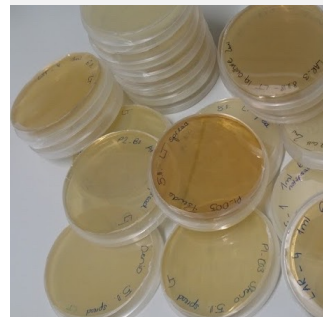
Fluorescent plant-beneficial *Pseudomonas* in a swarming assay and in liquid culture under iron limitation



Plant pathogens



Growth chambers



Microbiology